The Global Expansion of Shareholder Activism

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- Gaku Ishiwata, Mori, Hamada & Matsumoto, Tokyo
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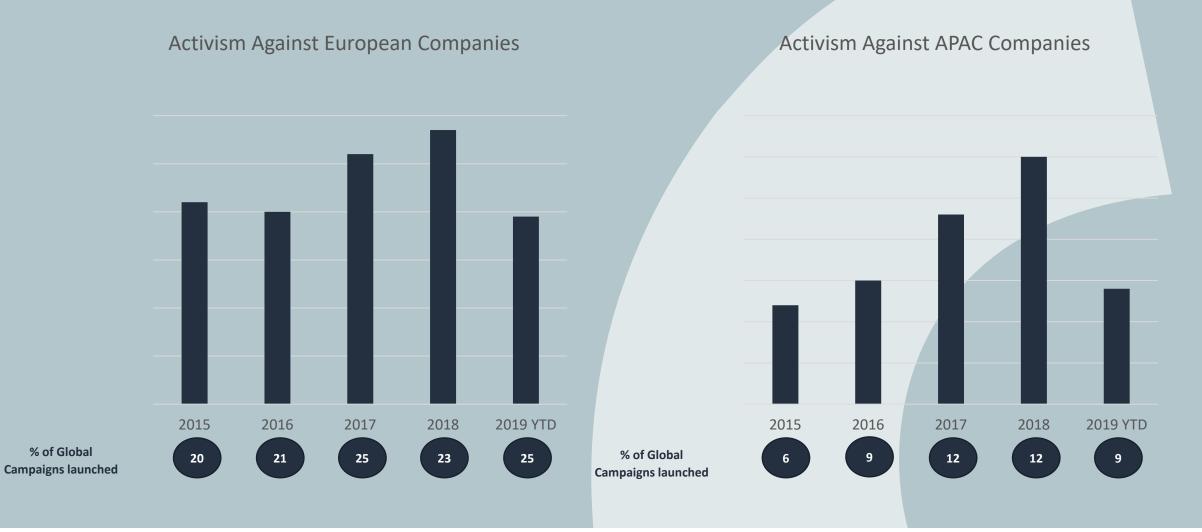
- Introduction to Shareholder Activism
- Overview of the activism environment in the respective country
- Panel discussion

Campaign Activity and Capital Deployed

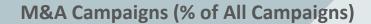


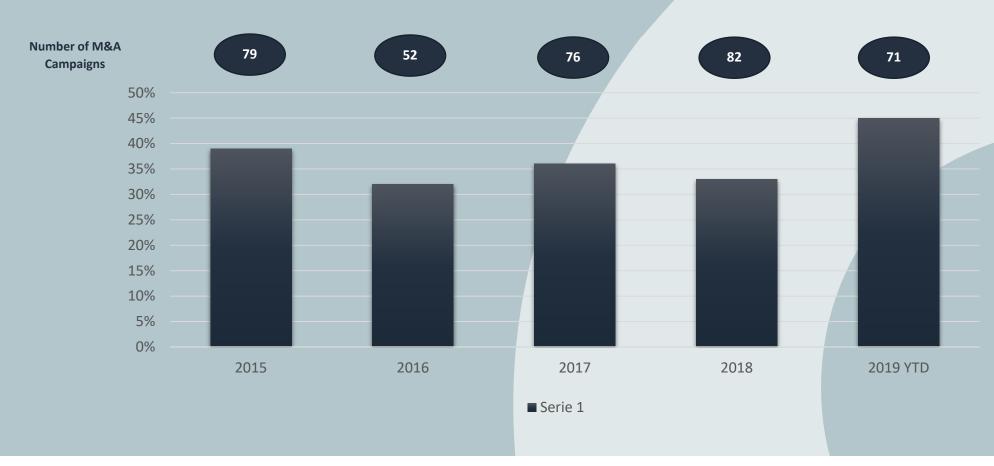


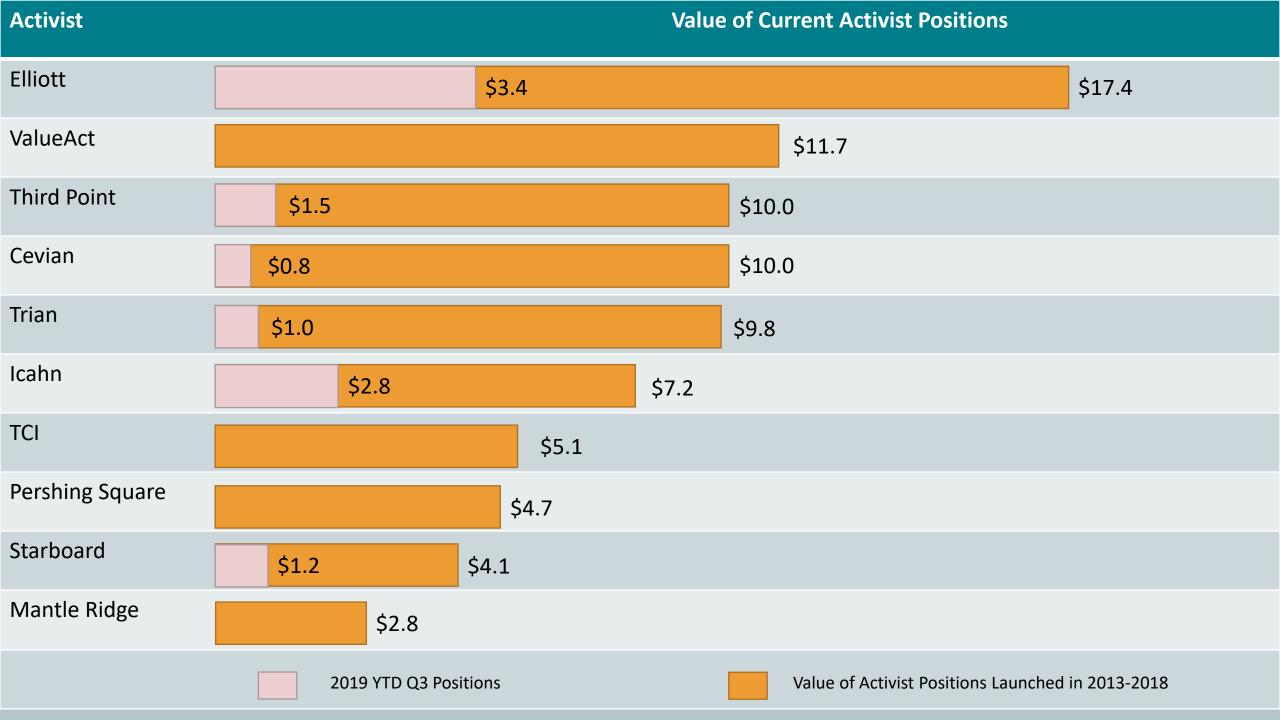
Shareholder Activism – Europe and APAC



M&A-related Campaigns







Recent Developments in Shareholder Activism Environment in Japan

- Corporate Governance Reforms
 - ♦ Stewardship Code of Japan (2014)
 - Influenced the voting attitudes of institutional shareholders
 - More than 55% of all shareholders of listed companies are institutional shareholders and non-Japanese shareholders
 - ♦ Corporate Governance Code (2015)
 - Ratio of listed companies on the Tokyo Stock Exchange (1st) with independent outside director(s) increased from 46.7% (2013) to 99.7% (2019)
 - Decrease in cross-shareholdings
 - Decrease in defense plans (8.8% of all Japanese listed companies)
- Increase in Shareholder Activists
 - ♦ 28% of Nikkei 225 companies have at least one shareholder activist among their shareholder base (2019)
 - ♦ Number of shareholder activists active in Japan has increased from 9 (2014) to 27 (2018).
 - ♦ Of those 27, 16 are US or European activists (such as Elliott, Third Point, TCI Fund, Value Act Capital and Greenlight), 5 are Asian activists (such as Effissimo and Oasis) and 6 are local activists (such as Murakami group)

Recent Cases of Shareholder Activism In Japan

Panasonic Case

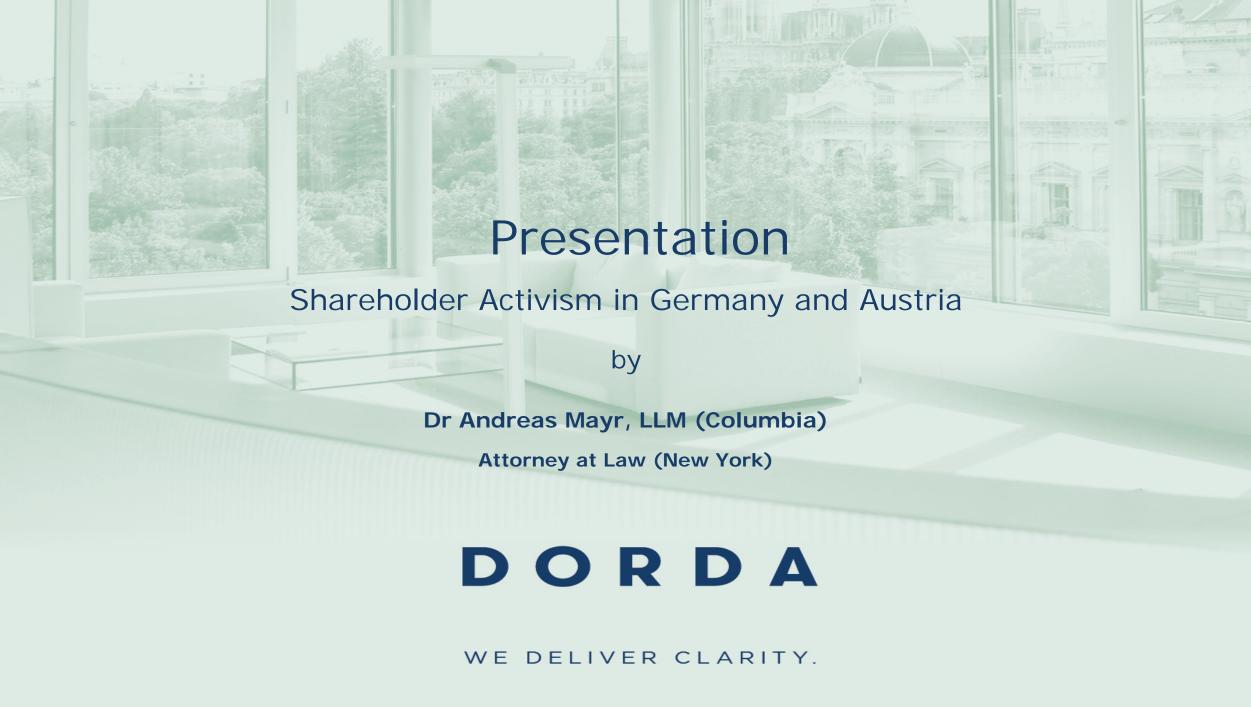
- ♦ In 2016, Panasonic initiated a share exchange to acquire a 100% stake in its listed subsidiary PanaHome.
- ♦ Oasis started to acquire up to 9% shares in Panasonic Homes and launched a campaign to the effect that the consideration for such transaction was insufficient.
- ♦ Panasonic and PanaHome subsequently changed the transaction structure from a share exchange to a cash tender offer and increased the offer price to successfully close the transaction.
- Oasis exercised its appraisal rights.

Toshiba Plant Systems Case

- ♦ a listed subsidiary of Toshiba deposited approximately US\$ 800 million with Toshiba as part of its Cash Management System
- Oasis brought a lawsuit against the directors of Toshiba Plant to enjoin such deposit claiming that it was a breach of their fiduciary duties.
- ♦ Toshiba Plant voluntarily terminated such deposit.

➤ Increase in Shareholder Proposals

- ♦ 56 companies facing shareholder proposals
- ♦ Number of successful proposals is still small 2 (2017) and 3 (2018)
- ♦ Ratios of votes in favor of shareholder proposals (particularly for proposals to strengthen corporate governance and shareholder return) are increasing
- ♦ Olympus and "K" LINE gave board seats to directors appointed by shareholder activists (2019)





Environment for Shareholder Activism in Germany

- □ Dramatic increase of activism during the last few years. Lately also attractive country for globally active activist funds (e.g. Elliot)
- ☐ Slowly developing public recognition of activists as also beneficial players
- □ Boards of large companies tend to be more often prepared to enter into a dialogue with activist shareholders which are following a moderate and constructive approach or who are expected to receive support from other (long-term, institutional) shareholders
- ☐ More activist campaigns commenced in connection with (pending) (M&A) transactions (transaction-oriented activism)
- ☐ Balanced legal environment in Germany encourages activism, while still protecting companies from purely predatory activists



Environment for Shareholder Activism in Austria

- □ Activism is becoming more and more a debated topic in Austria (after not having played a significant role over the past decades)
- □ Recent changes in the "typical" shareholder structure of Austrian listed companies (reduction of number of core shareholders holding a large/majority/controlling stake) enhanced and will, in the future, continue to enhance an increase of activism
- ☐ Currently few but very active activists. Mainly hedge funds and special situations funds with focus on Austria
- ☐ Developing proxy practice; increased awareness of long term oriented (institutional) shareholders to exercise shareholder rights
- ☐ More often activist campaigns in connection with M&A-transactions
- □ Increasingly significant role/importance of proxy advisors



Legal Environment for Shareholder Activism in Germany and Austria

- ☐ Extensive minority shareholder rights, depending finally on number of shares actually held, including:
 - · Calling, attending, speaking and voting at the shareholders meetings
 - Request of special audit
 - Blocking minority rights
 - Contesting of shareholder resolutions in connection with (planned) transactions
- ☐ Corporate Governance Code (voluntary rules for good corporate governance based on a "comply or explain" principle):
 - Includes the requirement for listed companies to have one or more independent members of the supervisory board
- □ Mandatory bid requirements when purchasing a certain percentage of shares of a company or when shareholders acting in concert jointly hold such percentage
- □ Notification requirements when holding shares and reaching certain thresholds in a company



Adjusted Strategies of Shareholder Activists in Germany and Austria

- ☐ Exercise of statutory rights as shareholder
- ☐ More often usage of media campaigns and other informal measures such as public letters, special audits, etc
- □ Exploitation of transactions and takeover situations (M&A/transaction based activism)
- ☐ Modified hidden stake building (being, however, aligned with legal requirements)



Strategies of Attacked Companies

- □ Companies often have in the past not been sufficiently prepared for activist campaigns. Recent shift in awareness and willingness to implement preemptive measures, such as:
 - Analyzing company structure to identify weak points and other warning signs
 - Setting up teams able to respond quickly to measures of activists
 - Preparing board members and management for activist campaigns



Outlook for the Future

- ☐ Shareholder activism is likely to further increase in both Germany and Austria. More exposure to globally active funds
- □ Increased transaction related activism
- ☐ Companies more aware and better prepared to respond to activist campaigns (in particular in connection with (planned) transactions)
- □ Role of media and public perception is becoming more important; more hostile public discourse and litigation

- What is the legal regime around activism?
- How does an activist typically go about an attack?
- How does a target company typically go about a defense?
- How does activism impact M&A transactions in your country?
- What is the role of proxy advisory firms, if any?
- How do companies prepare in advance?

What is the legal regime around activism?

- Legal restrictions on offensive tactics by an activist (disclosure requirements around share purchases, mandatory bid requirements, regulatory restrictions, etc.)
- Defensive tactics by a target company (ability to implement classified board, poison pill, ability to restrict shareholders from calling a meeting, etc.)?

- How does an activist typically go about an attack
 - Buy stake, coordinate with existing investors, pressure the target company privately/publicly, proxy contests?
- How does a target company typically go about a defense
 - Takeover defenses, shareholder relations, etc.?

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- How do companies prepare in advance?

Thank you!

CIRIO

