Ethical Issues in Your New Media Practice

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NYSBA Annual Meeting 2019 January 14-18 9:00 am

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Competence

- RULE 1.1: COMPETENCE (a) A lawyer should provide competent representation to a client. Competent representation requires the legal knowledge, skill, thoroughness and preparation reasonably necessary for the representation.
- Comment 8:To maintain the requisite knowledge and skill, a lawyer should . . . keep abreast of the benefits and risks associated with technology the lawyer uses to provide services to clients or to store or transmit confidential information. . . .

Material Developments

- RULE 1.4: COMMUNICATION (a) A lawyer shall: (1) promptly inform the client of . . . material developments in the matter . .
- Do data breaches constitute "material developments"?

Unauthorized Disclosure

 RULE 1.6: CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION: (c) A lawyer [shall] make reasonable efforts to prevent the inadvertent or unauthorized disclosure or use of, or unauthorized access to, information protected by Rules 1.6, 1.9(c), or 1.18(b).

Safeguarding Confidential Information

• Comment 16:Factors to be considered in determining the reasonableness of the lawyer's efforts include, but are not limited to: (i) the sensitivity of the information; (ii) the likelihood of disclosure if additional safeguards are not employed; (iii) the cost of employing additional safeguards; (iv) the difficulty of implementing the safeguards; and (v) the extent to which the safeguards adversely affect the lawyer's ability to represent clients (e.g., by making a device or software excessively difficult to use). A client may require the lawyer to implement special security measures not required by this Rule, or may give informed consent to forgo security measures that would otherwise be required by this Rule. . . .

Safeguarding Confidential Information

 Comment 17: . . However, a lawyer may be required to take specific steps to safeguard a client's information to comply with a court order (such as a protective order) or to comply with other law (such as state and federal laws or court rules that govern data privacy or that impose notification requirements upon the loss of, or unauthorized access to, electronic information. . . .

Publicity

RULE 3.6:TRIAL PUBLICITY:(a) A lawyer who is participating
in or has participated in a criminal or civil matter shall not
make an extrajudicial statement that the lawyer knows or
reasonably should know will be disseminated by means of
public communication and will have a substantial likelihood of
materially prejudicing an adjudicative proceeding in the
matter.

Advertising

- RULE 7.1:ADVERTISING: (a) A lawyer or law firm shall not use or disseminate or participate in the use or
- dissemination of any advertisement that:
- (1) contains statements or claims that are false, deceptive or misleading; or (2) violates a Rule.

Advertising and New Media Issues

- Which state rules govern new media advertising which can be viewed anywhere?
- Do new media communications (like blogs or tweets) create an attorney-client relationship?
- Does accepting a Linked- in endorsement constitute attorney advertising?
- Etc?